OTHELLO Work-sheet 1

The function of these questions and of those on the other Acts is to get you involved in the actual text; so <u>do</u> take the trouble to do a good job of this, as it is a good investment for your matric final. Do not be intimidated by the text, after all Shakespeare's plays were entertainment for the peasants and ignorant of his own time; and so

ACT 1 SCENE 1

- 1. Why is Roderigo angry with Iago?
- 2. Why does Roderigo bear a grudge against Othello?
- 3. Why, apparently, does Iago bear a grudge against Othello?
- 4. Who is Cassio, and why does Iago not think much of Cassio's military abilities?
- 5. Why does Iago refer to Othello, not by name, but by words which reflect his race?
- 6. Why does Iago still serve under Othello if he bears him a grudge?
- 7. Why do Iago and Roderigo decide to go and disturb Brabantio? What can they hope to achieve by annoying him?
- 8. When do these events take place, and what does this symbolize?
- 9. How does Brabantio react to the news, and why does he react in this manner? Is it understandable? Why is Barabantio susceptible to Iago's accusations?
- 10. What effect is created by our meeting Iago first (i.e. <u>before</u> we meet Othello himself)?
- 11. What kind of person does Iago reveal himself to be? What is his view of life? How, do you think, this can prepare us for what may happen later?

ACT 1 SCENE 2

- 1. Iago does not talk with Othello and Roderigo simultaneously: why not, and what does this show us about him?
- 2. What does Iago pretend to do/be in lines 6 to 16?
- 3. Why does Othello not worry about Iago's news? See lines 16 to 27 for your answer. What is Othello's background?
- 4. Why does the Duke of Venice want Othello? What does this suggest?

- 5. Look at Brabantio's speech (lines 62 to 81): what line of reasoning does he follow? Is he emotional?
- 6. This scene could have led to confusion and fighting: why does this not happen?
- 7. Characters reveal a great deal about themselves when they speak. What do Iago, Othello and the Duke reveal about themselves in their speech?
- 8. What can we learn from Brabantio's speech [ll. 61—81 and 93—99] about himself, Othello's position, Venetian society—and ourselves?

ACT 1 SCENE 3

- 1. Why does the news of the war keep changing so much? What effect is Shakespeare trying to create? (This effect must be quite important: after all, it takes up 46 lines!)
- 2. How, according to Brabantio, did Othello win his daughter?
- 3. Do you think that the Senators are fair to **both** Othello and Brabantio? Why do you think so?
- 4. How does Othello's story of his life appear to you (lines 128 to 170)?
- 5. How do the Senators react to it? What does this show us especially in relation to the impression created by Iago in Act 1 Scene 1?
- 6. Look at Desdemona's reply to her father (lines 180 ff.): sum up these lines briefly.
- 7. When Othello goes off to Cyprus, what happens to Desdemona? (See lines 240 to 256.)
- 8. Look at lines 289 to 292: what do they show us about the relationship between Othello and Iago?
- 9. From line 280 the mood changes, and becomes more ominous. Three utterances contribute to this: identify them and explain their grimness.
- 10. At the end of the scene we come back to Iago and Roderigo: why do you think Shakespeare did this? (see also Question 10 relating to Act 1 Scene 1).

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